Community	Current Treatment Technology	Would the criteria apply? Or is there dilution capability?	Design Flow (MGD)	Actual Flow (MGD)	Community Population (Census 2010)	Number of Households (American Community Survey 2005-2009)	Median Household Income (2010) - American Community Survey.	Current average household sewer bill per year (2008 / 2011)	Current average sewer fee as % of MHI	Notes	Capital cost (million dollars) to meet the numeric nutrient criteria (WERF)	Annual Capital cost to meet the numeric nutrient criteria (LA WERF)	Annual Operations costs to meet the numeric nutrient criteria L4WERF	Annual Capital and Operations cost (5)	Annual Additional Cost per Household (increase in sewer rate)	Predicted average household sewer fee to meet criteria	Expected % MHI to Meet Base Numeric Nutrient Criteria (plus current wastewater fees)	Scenario A	Scenario B	Percent increase in Wastewater bill
Kalispell	BNR (modified Johannesburg); 3.1 to 5.4 MGD; avg12 mg/l TP; 10 mg/l TN.	Yes. EOP: Ashley Creek	5.4	3.10	19,927	7,705	\$39,953.00	\$361.68	0.91%	Sewer rates obtained from City in 2011. Plant "WERF Level 2.	84.24	\$5,756,048	\$1,782,965	\$8,539,013	\$1,108	\$1,470	3.68	4.73	4.01	306%
Bozeman	some BNR now; 5-stage Barrdenpho; new plant will be BNR {1 mg/ITP; 3 mg/ITN starting in 2011}; current 5.8 MGD; increasing to 13.9 mgd	Yes. Also Gallatin TMDL in the works.	13.8	5.80	37,280	14,614	\$41,661.00	\$372.00	0.89%	Sewer rates obtained from City in 2011. Plant "WERF Level 2. Really Level 3 for TN and 1 for TP	215.28	\$17,265,456	\$3,335,870	\$20,601,326	\$1,410	\$1,782	4.28	5.64	4.70	379%
Helena	BNR; 3 mg/l TP; 10 mg/l TN; design capacity of 5.4; current discharge =3.0 MGD	Yes. WLA set in TMDL based on numeric criteria.	5.4	3.00	28,190	12,337	\$47,152.00	\$277.80	0.59%	Sewer rates obtained from City in 2011. Plant ~ WERF Level 1.	102.60	\$8,228,520	\$1,834,950	\$10,063,470	\$816	\$1,094	2.32	3.00	2.53	294%
Butte	Current technology is activated dudge (TN of 18.5 mg/lt, TP of 1.1 mg/lt, under Oxder to Construct to membrane BNR; current edition; in 8.5 Mg/lt, taking about lowering to 6.1 MG. Service for based on DCQ estimate, included in current five 6.3 27 million upgrade in new capital costs and 5.1.25 million in OMM costs which would bring them to 5.TN and 0.1 TP	Yes. EOP.	8.5	4.00	33,525	14,041	\$37,335.00	\$360.00	0.96%	Sewer Fee based on DEQ estimtes. While current monthly fee is \$13.50, the \$27 million upgrade in new capital costs plus \$1.125 million in additional OBM costs which would bring them to \$7 M and 0.17P (WBR 3) would raise rates to \$30 per month	118.15	\$9,475,630	\$1,877,200	\$11,352,830	\$809	\$1,169	3.13	4.00	3.40	225%
Billings	2ndary treatment; Design flow of 26 MGD (avg.) and 40 MGD max.	Yes. Discharge into the Yellowstone River.	26	26	104,170	41,841	\$45,004.00	\$218.28	0.49%	The numbers for Billings and Great Falls (treatment levels, treatment costs etc.) were obtained from HDR	312.50	\$38,095,000	\$15,902,900	\$53,997,900	\$1,291	\$1,509	3.35	4.32	3.66	591%
Missoula	advanced secondary treatment facility with biological nutrient removal and ultraviolet disinfection; meets Clark Fork criteria w/ mining zone. 8.2 mg/17to, 10.5 o.3 erg/17to, pat a mining zone, meeting criteria currently. BRN. Deargo from + 12 MGO, zetual flow = 9 MGD. (designed for 10 and 1). (HDR)	Yes. With mixing zone. Currently meeting criteria after mixing zone.	12	9	66,788	27,553	\$34,319.00	\$152.14	0.44%	Sewer rates obtained from city. 2011 values.	88.80	\$7,121,760	\$2,614,050	\$9,735,810	\$353	\$505	1.47	1.83	1.59	232%
Great Falls	conventional 2ndary activated sludge (max 21-MGD; avg. 10 MGD)	Yes. Missouri River	26	26	58,505	23,998	\$40,718.00	\$187.20	0.46%	At WERF 1. The numbers for Billings and Great Falls (population, treatment levels, etc.) were	312.50	\$38,095,000	\$15,902,900	\$53,997,900	\$2,250	\$2,437	5.99	7.86	6.57	1202%
Livingston	discharges into the Yellowstone; permit renewed in 2010; mechanical plant w/ 2 primary clariflers, 3 rotating biological contactors, UV, installing co-composting, DMR shows 11 mg/l TN average (20 mg/l for May) and 2 mg/l TP (3 mg/l for May).	Yes. Discharge into the Yellowstone River.	5	2	7,044	3,188	\$35,689.00	\$600.00	1.68%	Assume WERF Tier 1	95.00	\$7,619,000	\$1,223,300	\$8,842,300	\$2,774	\$3,374	9.45	12.67	10.46	462%
Miles City	2ndary treatment plus oxidation ditch. 2011 permit. Algae plant study to remove nutrients. Extended aeration system w/2 oxidation ditches w/rotating brush aerators; 2 clarifiers and chlorine basin. TN avg of 23.5 mg/l; TP avg. 3.6 mg/l.	Yes. Discharge into the Yellowstone River.	3.7	2	8,410	3,518	\$37,554.00	\$236.10	0.63%	Assume WERF Tier 1	70.30	\$5,638,060	\$1,223,300	\$6,861,360	\$1,950	\$2,186	5.82	7.87	6.46	826%
Hamilton	BNR facilitry. t w/ extended aeration system. Oxidation ditch w/ rorating brush aerators. 3 clarifiers. Upgraded in 2010. TN avg. 5.5 mg/l, TP avg. 5 mg/l.	Yes	1.98	0.68	4,348	2,092	\$25,161.00	\$276.00	1.10%	Assume WERF 2 (since TN gets to WERF 3 and TP WERF 1)	24.75	\$3,017,124	\$423,602	\$3,440,726	\$1,645	\$1,921	7.63	10.39	8.49	596%
Lewistown	BNR plant. Focus on TP removal. 0.8 mg/l TP; 3-4 mg/l TN.	Yes	2.5	1.5	5,901	2,727	\$31,729.00	\$387.60	1.22%	Assume WERF 3 based on current treatment levels	18.50	\$2,786,950	\$691,950	\$3,478,900	\$1,276	\$1,663	5.24	6.79	5.73	329%
Havre	Discharges into the Milk River. Permit renewed in 2011. Activated sludge facility with effluent chlorination. 2006- 2010 data showed avg. TP of 3.4 (TN not required). 2011 DMR showed TN of 19.4 mgl; Tp of 1.3 mg/l.	Yes	1.8	1.38	9,310	3,709	\$43,577	\$240.00	0.55%	Assumed WERF Level 1 and 5,000 gallons usage. Rate is \$9.15 flat plus \$2.15 per 1,000 gallons	\$34.20	\$2,742,840	\$844,077	\$3,586,917	\$967	\$1,207	2.77	3.58	3.02	403%
Columbia Falls	Newer plant. Designed to achieve 8 mg/l TN	Yes	0.766	0.37	4,688	1,621	\$38,750	\$532.20	1.37%	Upgrade to RO	\$10.65	\$853,921	\$938,600	\$1,792,521	\$1,106	\$1,638	4.23	4.88	4.43	208%
Manhattan	Discharges into Diva Ditch. Permit renewed in 2010. Denitrification with fixed film suspended growth system, clarifiers and aerobic sludge digestion, UV. DMR data from winter quarter shows 11 mg/ TT Na of 1 mg/ TP. 2008-2010 showed avg. TN of 14 mg/I TN and 4 mg/I TP.	Yes	0.6	0.4	1,520	523	\$50,729	\$362.40	0.71%	Assumed WERF Level 2. Correct? Paul.	\$9.36	\$750,672	\$92,024	\$842,696	\$1,611	\$1,974	3.89	5.25	4.32	445%
Lolo	Lolo, TN is generally less than 30 mg/l and TP less than 7. Generally heaving loadings for Lolo. Sewer ratesLolo \$30.25-ish/mo - (RSID) based on property values	Yes	0.34	0.38	3,892	1,060	\$46,442	\$363.00	0.78%	Level 1.	\$6.46	\$518,092	\$232,427	\$750,519	\$708	\$1,071	2.31	2.81	2.46	195%
Stevensville	Stevensville is generally a little better with TN generally below 20 and TP less than 4.	Yes	0.3	0.29	1,809	795	\$33,776	\$535.08	1.58%		\$3.75	\$300,750	\$125,512	\$426,262	\$536	\$1,071	3.17	3.71	3.34	100%
Philipsburg	lagoon to simple mechanical system - ref: Gary Swanson, consulting engineer- 15TN, 2TP	Yes.	0.2	0.2	820	399	\$31,375.00	\$200.00	0.64%	Assume WERF 1	\$3.80	\$ 304,760.00	561,650.00	\$866,410.00	\$2,171.45	\$2,371	7.56	8.73	7.92	1086%
Cut Bank	Lagoon.	Yes	0.643	0.643	2,869	1,290	\$44,833	\$138.48	0.31%	4000 gallons. Base rate \$9.48 at 3000 gallons plus \$2.06 for next 1,000 gallons	\$14.02	\$ 1,124,195.48	228,290.40	\$1,352,485.88	\$1,048.44	\$1,187	2.65	3.58	2.94	757%
Deer Lodge	Moving from an existing lagoon to mechanical plant with land application. Ref. planning document—To get to variance only.  Bocause this would be a land application system, so theoretically, the N and P would be zero to the Clark Fork	Yes	3.3	1.06	3,111	1,522	\$40,320	\$409.56	1.02%	Moving from an existing lagoon to mechanical plant with land application. Ref: planning document-To get to variance only. Because this would be a land application system, so theoretically, the N and P would be zero to the Clark Fork	\$71.94	\$1,261,145.00	\$555,493.00	\$1,816,638.00	\$1,193.59	\$1,603	3.98			2919
Glendive	domestic WW lagoon; 3 cell facultative; current O&M costs are <\$; 8-10 capital costs for new plant. O&M increase of -\$300,000. new avg. 1.15 MGD; PER completed to upgrade to merhanical SRR or BNR nitari	Yes	1.3	0.6	4935	1883	\$42,821	\$213.96	0.50%		\$36.79	\$2,950,558.00	\$391,740.00	\$3,342,298.00	\$1,774.99	\$1,989	4.64	6.40	5.19	8309
Redlodge	Lagoon.	Yes	1.2	0.65	2125	1055	\$50,123	305.28	0.61%	Sewer Fee and MHI based on DEQ estimates. DEQ MHI value less than the 2010 USDA county data.	\$26.16	\$2,098,032.00	\$308,132.50	\$2,406,164.50	\$2,280.72	\$2,586	5.16	7.06	5.75	7479
Big Fork Highwood	Lagoon. Lagoon.	Yes Yes	0.5	0.3 0.015	4270 176	1708 53	\$44,398 \$62,614	580.36 600.00	1.31%		\$10.90 \$0.57	\$874,180.00 \$45,457.36	\$142,215.00 \$7,110.75	\$1,016,395.00 \$52,568.11	\$595.08 \$991.85	\$1,175 \$1,592	2.65 2.54	3.20 3.20	2.82	1035
Circle	Lagoon.	Yes	0.16	0.065	615	234	\$29,000	259.56	0.90%		\$3.49	\$279,737.60	\$30,813.25	\$310,550.85	\$1,327.14	\$1,587	5.47	7.45	6.09	5119

NOTE. Operation costs include revery and described room only and to not include baker and maintenance costs. As such, these combers are on the low ade.

NOTE: The numbers is netherald to provide INCHIESTMANTS for decreasing purposes and for our reflect the alto-specific conditions at each plant.

NOTE: Capital costs were assumed to cover 2-20-year bond with 5% interest (based 0.0002 conversion factor)

NOTE: Mile likes decreaded and factor for the Capital Costs were 3000 control for the Capital Costs were assumed for Capital Costs were 3000 control for Sand or 2000 control for the Capital Costs were 3000 control for Sand or 2000 control f

265-6719 - City Office

indicates rough estimates; need to verify
Big Fork number of household based on population divided by 2.5